

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

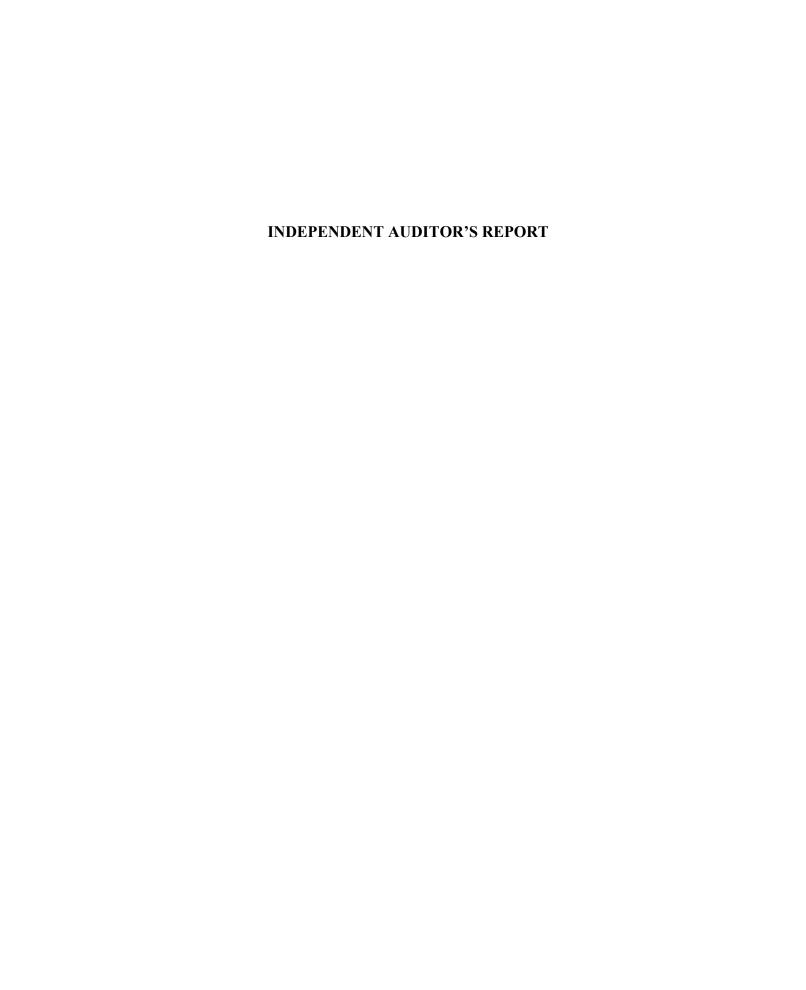


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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Public Library Board Hinsdale Public Library Hinsdale, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund of the Hinsdale Public Library, Hinsdale, Illinois (the Library), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hinsdale Public Library, Hinsdale, Illinois as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Library and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Library's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Supplemental Data is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois September 12, 2023

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HINSDALE PUBLIC LIBRARY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

As the management of the Hinsdale Public Library (the "Library"), we offer readers of the Library's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Library for the audit period ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Library's Financial Statements (beginning on page 4).

This discussion and analysis is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the Library's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the Library's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Library's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The focus of the *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the Library's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. This statement combines and consolidates governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the Library's net position changed during the most recent audit period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences).

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements will be more familiar to traditional users of governmental financial statements. The focus of the presentation is on major funds rather than fund types. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the audit period. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund *Balance Sheet* and the governmental fund *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance* provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Library maintains two governmental funds. The General Fund is used to account for the Library's general activities not accounted for in another fund. The Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for resources restricted to capital improvements at the Library.

The Library adopts an annual budget for each of its governmental funds, as well as adopting an annual appropriation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 10-27 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Library's progress in funding its expenditures and changes in fund balance. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 28-32 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position as of December 31, 2022 compared to December 31, 2021.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position – Comparative Summaries

Governmental Activities

Assets	2021	2022
Current and Other Assets	\$8,602,964	\$9,230,131
	2.040.220	2 025 714
Capital Assets	2,949,338	2,835,714
Net pension asset – IMRF	1,436,083	
Total Assets	12,988,385	12,065,845
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension Items	133,725	846,958
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	13,122,110	12,912,803
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		
Long-Term Liabilities	1,242,203	1,670,156
Other Liabilities	390,445	347,035
Deferred Inflows	4,655,703	3,481,663
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	6,288,351	5,498,854
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,676,575	1,794,094
Unrestricted	5,157,184	5,619,855
Total Net Position	\$6,833,759	\$7,413,949

(See independent auditor's report)

The Library's combined net position increased by \$580,190 from \$6,833,759 to \$7,413,949 during the year ended December 31, 2022. This increase is due, in part, to continued adjustments to a post-COVID 19 environment, especially in staffing.

For more detailed information, see the Statement of Net Position on page 4.

Activities

The following table summarizes the revenue and expenses of the Library's activities for audit period ended December 31, 2022 compared to the year ended December 31, 2021.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities

Revenues	2021	2022
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$4,642	\$9,943
Operating Grants	24,804	25,658
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	3,255,190	3,339,685
Replacement Taxes	41,186	68,429
Investment Income	(8,014)	7,448
Miscellaneous	7,800	9,723
Total Revenues	3,325,608	3,460,886
Expenses		
Culture and Recreation	2,087,773	2,843,319
Interest	41,688	37,377
•		
Total Expenses	2,129,461	2,880,696
Change in Net Position	1,196,147	580,190
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year	5,637,612	6,833,759
•		
Total Net Position, End of Year	\$6,833,759	\$7,413,949
	•	

(See independent auditor's report)

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW HINSDALE PUBLIC LIBRARY

INCOME SOURCES	2022	
Local Property and other Taxes	98.5%	\$3,408,414
Fees and Charges	0.3%	9,943
Grants	0.7%	25,658
Gifts, Memorials, Other	0.3%	9,723
Investment Income	0.2%	7,448
Total Income: \$3,460,886		
GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY	2022	
Personal Services	64%	\$1,748,654
Materials and Supplies	12%	434,972
Debt Service	9%	268,733
Contractual Services and Supplies, Programs	12%	332,960
Repairs and Maintenance	1%	35,345
Risk Management, Staff Development, Other	2%	53,122
Capital Outlay	0%	0
Total Expenditures: \$2,873,786		
RESERVE FUND EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY	2022	
Capital Outlay	100%	\$45,253

Total Expenditures: \$45,253

IMPACTS

Normal Impacts

Revenues

Property Tax Rate. The Library, based on its organization under Illinois statutes, approves an annual tax levy request which is forwarded to the Village of Hinsdale Board of Trustees for final adoption. The Library's 2020 tax rate (property taxes received in the most recent audit period in 2022) was .1592 for Du Page County and .190 for Cook County.

The Library's tax rate is limited by tax cap legislation. This means that the Library's taxes from year to year cannot increase more than the lesser of the cost of living adjustments as identified by the State of Illinois or 5%. The tax rate is based on the Equalized Assessed Valuation (EAV) of real property within the district, value of new construction within the district, and the CPI (all urban consumers).

Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenue (both recurring and non-recurring.) Certain recurring revenues (State per capita grant, State replacement taxes, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring or one-time grants are less predictable and often distort their impact on year-to-year comparisons.

Market impacts on investment income. The Library's investment portfolio is subject to the controls set forth in the Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235/). Market conditions may cause investment income to fluctuate. Most funds are invested in the Illinois Funds or IMET (Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund) accounts, which typically offer a competitive return, liquidity and safety, requisites of the Library's investment policy.

Expenses

Introduction of new programs. Within functional expense categories, individual programs may be added or deleted in order to meet the changing needs of the Library.

Changes in authorized personnel. Changes in service demand may cause the Library Board to increase or decrease staffing levels. Personnel costs are the Library's most significant operating cost.

Salary increases (annual adjustments). The ability to attract and retain quality personnel requires the Library to strive to have competitive salary ranges and pay practices.

Inflation. While overall inflation has increased slowly, some of the Library's functions and services may experience unusual commodity-specific increases.

Current Year Impacts

Revenues

For the year ended December 31, 2022, revenues totaled \$3,460,886. Property taxes, the Library's largest single revenue source, amounted to \$3,339,685 representing 97% of total revenues. Property tax revenue increased by \$84,495 from the prior year ended December 31, 2021.

The Library Board voted to levy for \$3,488,448 for FY2022.

Property taxes received by the Library in the most recent audit period represent roughly 3% of the typical Hinsdale property tax bill.

The Library received a \$25,658 State of Illinois Per Capita Grant during this audit period.

The Library's Replacement Tax received nearly triple what it had budgeted for this disbursement. (Receipts were up across Illinois, largely as the result of a new Public Act requiring partnerships and S-corporations to make quarterly estimated payments if the expected tax due is more than \$500.)

The Library had an overall investment gain of \$7,448 for FY2022.

Expenditures

The Library's operating expenditures in the General Fund were \$2,873,786 in the year ended December 31, 2022. Spending continued to be impacted by changing usage patterns post-COVID 19. A tight labor market also led to open positions taking longer to fill.

The Library had \$45,253 in capital expenditures in the most recent year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Library uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. As of December 31, 2022, the governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 6) had combined fund balances of \$5,701,837. This represents a fund balance of \$2,634,256 in the General Fund and \$3,067,581 in the Capital Reserve. This reflects a combined increase of \$541,847 over the prior year.

The Library Board has been maintaining a higher fund balance in the general fund since switching to a fiscal year beginning on January 1. The Library needs to fund operations when beginning January 1, but the majority of property tax revenue isn't received until June and September. The Board is also preparing to fund a window replacement project with funds from the Capital Reserve.

On an annual basis, the Library Board determines how much money to transfer to the Capital Reserve based on projects that need to be funded. During the most recent audit period, the Library transferred \$500,000 to the Capital Reserve Fund.

Table 3
General Fund Budgetary Highlights
For the Audit Period Ended December 31, 2022

Revenues	Original and Final Budget	Actual
Local Property and other Taxes	\$3,362,136	\$3,408,114
Fees and Charges	6,300	9,943
Grants	-	25,658
Gifts, Memorials, Other	5,000	8,359
Investment Income	5,200	9,723
Total Revenues	3,378,636	3,461,797
Expenditures		
Personal Services	1,948,442	1,748,654
Materials and Supplies	461,900	434,972
Debt Service	253,512	268,733
Contractual Services	353,912	332,960
Other	194,200	88,467
Total Expenditures	3,211,966	2,873,786
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	166,670	588,011
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Transfer Out	(165,000)	(500,000)
Net Changes In Fund Balance	1,670	88,011

(See independent auditor's report)

General Fund revenues concluded the year \$83,161 over the budgeted amount. This is largely due to State Replacement Tax revenue being much higher than expected.

Property Tax revenue came in \$1,549 over the budgeted amount. The Library received a Per Capita Grant for the State of Illinois in FY2022 in the amount of \$25,658.

The Library transferred \$500,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve. This transfer includes funds for current and future capital repairs and improvements. The Library had a Facilities Audit performed in 2019 and anticipates close to \$3,000,000 in capital repairs and improvements over the next 20 years.

General Fund expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$338,180 below the adopted expenditure budget. They Library spent \$199,788 less than budgeted in Personal Services due to several senior level positions being filled with new, lower-paid staff and a tight labor market, which added time to the hiring process and left positions open for longer than anticipated.

Capital Assets

The following schedule reflects the Library's capital asset balances as of December 31, 2022:

Table 4 Capital Assets As of December 31, 2022

Construction in progress	2,058
Buildings and Improvements	\$3,946,765
Machinery and equipment	1,657,636
Library books/multimedia	2,678,800
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	8,283,201
Less accumulated depreciation for	
Buildings and Improvements	1,678,576
Machinery and equipment	1,092,169
Library books/multimedia	2,678,800
Total Accumulated Depreciation	5,449,545
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	2,833,656
Governmental Activity Library Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,835,714

At year-end, the Library's net investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for its governmental-type activities was \$2,835,714. See Note 4 for further information regarding capital assets.

Long-Term Debt

The table below summarizes the Library's outstanding long-term debt:

Table 5 Long-Term Debt Balances as of December 31, 2022

Due to Village	\$1,098,975
Compensated Absences	\$30,365
Net pension liability	\$709,354
Net other postemployment benefit	
obligation	\$88.280

Total Long-Term Liabilities \$1,926,974

The Village of Hinsdale issued bonds on behalf of the Library for the 2006 renovation and a subsequent refinancing of those bonds. The Library makes payments directly to the Village of Hinsdale for these bonds. Overall, the Library maintains \$1,926,974 in long-term debt. This includes:

• General Obligation Library Fund Tax (Alternate Revenue Source) Bonds Series 2013A, refunding bonds from Library renovation.

See note 5 for further information regarding long-term debt.

CONTACTING THE LIBRARY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens with a general overview of the Library's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Katherine Wessel, Office Manager, Hinsdale Public Library, 20 E. Maple Street, Hinsdale, Illinois, 60521.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 5,693,917
Receivables, net of allowance	
Property taxes	3,536,214
Capital assets	
Capital assets not being depreciated	
Capital assets being depreciated,	2,058
net of accumulated depreciation	2,833,656
Total assets	12,065,845
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension items - OPEB	9,919
Pension items - IMRF	779,684
Unamortized loss on refunding	57,355
Total deferred outflows of resources	846,958
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	12,912,803
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	27,896
Accrued payroll	61,267
Accrued interest payable	1,054
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	256,818
Due in more than one year	1,670,156
Total liabilities	2,017,191
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred property taxes	3,439,131
Pension items - OPEB	40,433
Pension items - IMRF	2,099
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,481,663
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	5,498,854
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,794,094
Unrestricted	5,619,855
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 7,413,949

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

]		ram Revenue Operating		Capital	R	et (Expense) evenue and Change in et Position
ELINICETONIC/DDOCD AMC				Charges	_	rants and	_	rants and	-	vernmental
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		Expenses	101	r Services	Co	ntributions	Col	ntributions		Activities
Governmental Activities										
Culture and recreation	\$	2,843,319	\$	9,943	\$	25,658	\$	-	\$	(2,807,718)
Interest		37,377		-		-		-		(37,377)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	2,880,696	\$	9,943	\$	25,658	\$	-		(2,845,095)
	General Revenues									
			Tax							2 220 695
				roperty eplacement						3,339,685 68,429
				estment inco	me					7,448
				scellaneous						9,723
				Total						3,425,285
			СНА	NGE IN NE	T PC	OSITION				580,190
			NET	POSITION,	JAN	IUARY 1				6,833,759
			NET	POSITION	I, DE	ECEMBER 3	1		\$	7,413,949

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2022

	Capital General Reserve					Total		
		General		Reserve		Total		
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	2,626,336	\$	3,067,581	\$	5,693,917		
Receivables Proporty toy		2 526 214				2 526 214		
Property tax	-	3,536,214				3,536,214		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 6,162,550 \$ 3			3,067,581	\$	9,230,131		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	27,896	\$	-	\$	27,896		
Accrued payroll		61,267		-		61,267		
Total liabilities		89,163		_		89,163		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable property taxes		3,439,131		-		3,439,131		
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,439,131		-		3,439,131		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		3,528,294		-		3,528,294		
FUND BALANCES								
Unrestricted								
Assigned for special projects		-		3,067,581		3,067,581		
Unassigned		2,634,256		-		2,634,256		
Total fund balances		2,634,256		3,067,581		5,701,837		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	6,162,550	\$	3,067,581	\$	9,230,131		

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 5,701,837
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	2,835,714
The net pension asset (liability) in governmental activities is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds	(709,354)
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent to the measurement date (IMRF only) are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Other Post Employment Benefits	777,585 (30,514)
The unamortized loss on refunding is recognized as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net postion	57,355
Interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds	(1,054)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	
Compensated absences Due to the Village	(30,365) (1,098,975)
Total OPEB liability	(88,280)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 7,413,949

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Capital				
		General		Reserve		Total
REVENUES						
Taxes						
Property	\$	3,339,685	\$	_	\$	3,339,685
Replacement	Ψ	68,429	Ψ	_	Ψ	68,429
Intergovernmental		00,129				00,129
Grants		25,658		_		25,658
Charges for services		3,157		_		3,157
Fees, fines and penalties		6,786		_		6,786
Investment income		8,359		(911)		7,448
Miscellaneous		9,723		-		9,723
Total revenues		3,461,797		(911)		3,460,886
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Culture and recreation		2,605,053		-		2,605,053
Capital outlay		-		45,253		45,253
Debt service						
Principal retirement		240,000		-		240,000
Interest and fiscal charges		28,733		-		28,733
Total expenditures		2,873,786		45,253		2,919,039
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		588,011		(46,164)		541,847
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		_		500,000		500,000
Transfers (out)		(500,000)		-		(500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(500,000)		500,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		88,011		453,836		541,847
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1		2,546,245		2,613,745		5,159,990
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$	2,634,256	\$	3,067,581	\$	5,701,837

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are	\$	541,847
different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities		44,807
Depreciation in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		(158,431)
Payments made to the Village to pay for the principal due on the bonds issued by the Village on behalf of the Library reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not on the statement of activities		240,000
The change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources for IMRF is reported only in the statement of activities		2,069,517
The change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources for OPEB is reported only in the statement of activities		(34,632)
The change in net pension asset/liability is shown as an expense on the statement of activities	((2,145,437)
The change in unamortized loss on refunding is reported only in the statement of activities		(13,236)
The change in certain liabilities are reported as expenses on the statement of activities		
Compensated absences		(1,996)
Total OPEB liability		33,160
Interest payable		214
The amortization of costs included in the liability to the Village are deferred and amortized over the life of the liability on the statement of activities		4,377
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	580,190

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Hinsdale Public Library, Hinsdale, Illinois (the Library) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Library's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The Library is a library corporation governed by an elected seven-member Board of Trustees. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Library and any existing component units. Currently, the Library does not have any component units and based on criteria of GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* The Hinsdale Library Foundation and Friends of the Library, while potential component units, are not significant to the Library and, therefore, have been excluded from its reporting entity. The Library has been determined not to be a component unit of the Village of Hinsdale, Illinois (the Village).

b. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Library are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Funds are classified as governmental funds.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of activities and the statement of net position) report information on all of the activities of the Library. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and shared revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Library reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Library, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Reserve Fund, a capital projects fund, is used to account for the financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition or constructions of major capital facilities.

d. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

The Library recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the year intended to finance. A one-month availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes and investment income. Fine revenue is not susceptible to accrual because generally it is not measurable until received in cash.

The Library reports unearned revenue and unavailable/deferred revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period, under the modified accrual basis of accounting or accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenue arises when a revenue is measurable but not earned under the accrual basis of accounting. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the Library before it has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Library has a legal claim to the resources, the liability and deferred inflows of resource for unearned and unavailable/deferred revenue are removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Investments

Investments with a maturity of one year or less when purchased and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are stated at amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are reported at fair value.

The Library categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Library does not have any investments subject to fair value measurements at December 31, 2022.

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Library as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f. Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Buildings and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Library books/multimedia	20-45 5-20 5

g. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave, including related Social Security and Medicare, that is owed to retirees or terminated employees is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave of governmental activities at the government-wide level is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to active employees.

h. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column.

i. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j. Fund Equity/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Library's Board of Trustees, which is considered the Library's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the Library Board of Trustees. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Library's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The Library Board of Trustees has not delegated the authority to assign fund balance. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund or any deficit fund balances of any other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

The Library's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the Library considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets is the book value of the Library's capital assets, net of any debt outstanding that was issued to construct or acquire the capital assets.

k. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

a. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Statutes authorize the Library to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, money market mutual funds, The Illinois Funds, the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) or any other local government investment pool.

The Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool, known as The Illinois Funds, operates as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, and thus, reports all investments at amortized cost rather than fair value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost. The Illinois Funds does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Illinois Treasurer's Office issues a separate financial report for The Illinois Funds which may be obtained by contacting the Administrative Office at Illinois Business Center, 400 West Monroe Street, Suite 401, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

IMET is a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold. The Library's investment policy does limit its deposits to financial institutions that are members of the FDIC system and are capable of posting collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance.

It is the policy of the Library to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Library and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, liquidity and yield.

1) Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. The Library's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance, at an amount not less than 105% of the fair market value of the funds secured, with the collateral held by the Library, an independent third party or the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

a. Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

2) Investments

In accordance with its investment policy, the Library limits its exposure to interest rate risk, the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment, by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs. The investment policy limits the maximum maturity length of investments to five years from date of purchase, unless specific authority is given to exceed. Investments in reserve funds other funds may be purchased with maturities to match future projects or liability requirements. In addition, the policy requires the Library to structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The Library limits its exposure to credit risk limiting investments to the safest types of securities; pre-qualifying the financial institutions, intermediaries and advisors with which the Library will conduct business; and diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual investments will be minimized. The Illinois Funds and IMET funds are rated AAA. The Library has no formal policy relating to a specific investment-related risk.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Library's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party acting as the Library's agent separate from where the investment was purchased or by the trust department of the bank where purchased, in the Library's name. The Illinois Funds and IMET funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Library has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The Library's investment policy requires diversification of investments but does not establish specific portfolio percentages to avoid unreasonable risk by limiting investments to avoid over concentration in securities from a specific issuer or business sector (excluding U.S. Treasury securities); limiting investment in securities that have higher credit risks; investing in securities with varying maturities; and continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds such as local government investment pools (LGIPS's) or money market funds to ensure that proper liquidity is maintained in order to meet ongoing obligations.

3. RECEIVABLES - TAXES

Property taxes for 2021 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2021, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the current year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by DuPage County and issued on or about May 1, 2022 and August 1, 2022 and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2022 and September 1, 2022. Tax bills are prepared by Cook County and issued on or about February 1, 2022 and September 1, 2022, and are payable in two installments, on or about March 1, 2022 and October 1, 2022. For the 2021 tax year, the second installment due date was delayed from October 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022. The Counties collect such taxes and remit them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% of the tax levy to reflect actual collection experience. Property taxes which have been levied but are not due before the end of the fiscal year are recorded as receivable. The entire receivable is offset by deferred revenue as they are intended to finance the subsequent fiscal year.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balances			Balances
	January 1	Increases	Decreases	December 31
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated Construction in process	\$ -	\$ 2,058	\$ -	\$ 2,058
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	3,904,016	42,749	_	3,946,765
Machinery and equipment	1,657,636	-	-	1,657,636
Library books/multimedia	2,678,800	-	-	2,678,800
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,240,452	42,749	-	8,283,201
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	1,567,836	110,740	-	1,678,576
Machinery and equipment	1,044,478	47,691	_	1,092,169
Library books/multimedia	2,678,800	-	-	2,678,800
Total accumulated depreciation	5,291,114	158,431	_	5,449,545
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,949,338	(115,682)		2,833,656
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Ф. 2040.000	ф. (112.c2.1)	Ф	Φ 2.025.71.1
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 2,949,338	\$ (113,624)	\$ -	\$ 2,835,714

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Culture and recreation

\$ 158,431

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

a. Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balances						Balances	Current
	January 1	F	Additions	Re	etirements	D	ecember 31,	Portion
Due to Village	\$ 1,343,353	\$	-	\$	244,378	\$	1,098,975	\$ 245,000
Compensated absences	28,369		30,365		28,369		30,365	7,591
Net pension liability	-		709,354		-		709,354	-
Total OPEB liability	121,440		-		33,160		88,280	4,227
TOTAL LONG-TERM								
LIABILITIES	\$ 1,493,162	\$	739,719	\$	305,907	\$	1,926,974	\$ 256,818

b. Governmental Activities

General obligation bonds and debt certificates are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. The Library is responsible for repayment to the Village. Payments due to the Village currently outstanding are as follows:

		Balances						
	Fund Debt	May 1,				Balances	(Current
	Retired By	Restated	Additions	R	eductions	December 31		Portion
General Obligation Library Fund Tax								
(Alternate Revenue								
Source) Bonds Series 2013A, due in annual								
installments of \$25,000 to \$290,000								
plus interest at 2.00%								
to 2.35% through	Library							
December 15, 2026.	Operating	\$ 1,320,000	\$	- \$	240,000	\$ 1,080,000	\$	245,000
Unamortized premium		23,353		_	4,378	18,975		
TOTAL		\$ 1,343,353	\$	- \$	244,378	\$ 1,098,975	\$	245,000

5. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

c. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The Library reimbursement to the Village for village bonds and installment contracts requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Villa	Village General				
Fiscal	Oblig	Obligation Bonds				
Year	Principal		Interest			
2023	\$ 245,00	00 \$	23,512			
2024	265,00)()	18,812			
2025	280,00	00	13,116			
2026	290,00)0	6,816			
TOTAL	\$ 1,080,00	00 \$	62,256			

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; illnesses of employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by participating in the Village program for health, worker's compensation and general liability insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

7. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Amounts transferred to/from other funds at December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

	 Γransfer To	Transfer From		
General Fund Capital Reserve Fund	\$ 500,000	\$	500,000	
TOTAL	\$ 500,000	\$	500,000	

The purpose of the amounts transferred to/from other funds are as follows:

• \$500,000 transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Reserve Fund is for funding of future capital needs. The transfer will not be repaid.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Library contributes, through the Village, to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. However, the Library's participation in IMRF is equivalent to a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan since only one actuarial valuation is performed for both the Village and the Library combined. All disclosures for an agent plan can be found in the Village's annual financial report.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Administration

All library and other village employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standards must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

Benefits Provided

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute.

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement</u> Fund (Continued)

Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual salary to IMRF. The Village and Library are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution rate for the audit period ended December 31, 2022 was 7.95% of covered payroll. For the audit period ended December 31, 2021, salaries totaling \$1,121,957 were paid that required employer contributions of \$89,177, which was equal to the Library's actual contributions.

Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2022, the Library reported a liability of \$709,354 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Library's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Library's actual contribution to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2022 relative to the contributions of the Village, actuarially determined. The Library has determined that these contributions are appropriate as they are representative of future contributions. At December 31, 2022, the Library's proportion was 19.47% of the total contribution.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Library's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.85% to 13.75%
Interest rate	7.25%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%
Asset valuation method	N/A

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% (7.25% in 2021). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Library's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Library recognized pension expense of \$13,257. At December 31, 2022, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of	_	eferred lows of
	R	Resources		sources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	67,149 -	\$	570 1,529
on pension plan investments		712,535		-
TOTAL	\$	779,684	\$	2,099

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31,		
2022	\$	(34,423)
2023		128,954
2024		243,218
2025		439,836
2026		-
Thereafter		-
TOTAL	_ \$	777,585

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Library calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the Library's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease Discour			scount Rate	1	% Increase
	(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)	
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,792,606	\$	709,354	\$	(149,495)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Library provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan (the Plan). The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Library and can be amended by the Library through its personnel manual. No assets are accumulated in the trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the Plan is reported in the Library's governmental activities.

b. Benefits Provided

The Library provides continued health insurance to retirees, their spouses and dependents (enrolled at time of employee's retirement). To be eligible for benefits, the employee must qualify for retirement under the Library's retirement plan. The retirees pay 100% of the blended premium. Upon a retiree becoming eligible for Medicare, the amount payable under the Library's health plan will be reduced by the amount payable under Medicare for those expenses that are covered under both.

c. Membership

At December 31, 2022, the Library membership consisted of:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	37
Inactive employees entitled to benefits	20
but not yet receiving them Active employees	29 20
retive employees	
TOTAL	86
	_
Participating employers	1

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

d. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability at December 31, 2022, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Actuarial valuation date	January 1, 2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Actuarial value of assets	Not applicable
Salary increases	3.00%
Discount rate	3.72%

Healthcare cost trend rates 2.60% Initial 5.00% Ultimate

The discount rate was based on The Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, which is based on an average of certain general obligation municipal bonds maturing in 20 years and having an average rating equivalent of Moody's Aa2 and Standard & Poor's AA.

Active, Retiree and Spousal IMRF Mortality follows the rates as developed in the PubG-2010(B). These rates are improved generationally using MP-2020 Improvement Rates weighted per IMRF Experience Study Report Dated December 14, 2020.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

e. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2021	\$	121,440
Changes for the period		
Service cost		9,003
Interest		2,378
Changes in proportions from prior		
to current		(3,884)
Differences between expected and		
actual experience		(23,898)
Changes in assumptions		(12,532)
Implicit benefit payments		(4,227)
Net changes		(33,160)
DAY ANGEG AT DEGENOPED AT 2021	ф	00.000
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2021	\$	88,280

For the December 31, 2022, OPEB liability, the change in assumption was the change in discount rate from 2.06% to 3.72% and revision to the expected increase in medical cost assumption rates.

f. Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate. The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the Library calculated using the discount rate of 3.72% as well as what the Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.72%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.72%) than the current rate:

		Current						
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate		1%	6 Increase		
	((2.72%)		(3.72%)	(4.72%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	95,108	\$	88,280	\$	85,441		

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

f. Rate Sensitivity (Continued)

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the Library calculated using the healthcare rate of 5% as well as what the Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare rate that is 1 percentage point lower (varies) or 1 percentage point higher (varies) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (4%)		Current hcare Rate (5%)	1% Increase (6%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$ 77,697	\$	88,280	\$	100,850	

g. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the Library recognized OPEB expense of \$34,632. At December 31, 2022, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outf	ferred lows of ources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	- 9,919	\$	23,622 16,811
TOTAL	\$	9,919	\$	40,433

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending		
December 31,		
2023	\$	(1,929)
2024		(1,929)
2025		(1,929)
2026		(1,929)
2027		(1,929)
Thereafter		(20,869)
TOTAL	_ \$	(30,514)



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

December 31, 2022

	riginal and nal Budget	Actual
	 nui Duager	1100001
REVENUES		
Taxes		
Property	\$ 3,338,136	\$ 3,339,685
Replacement	24,000	68,429
Intergovernmental		
Grants	-	25,658
Charges for services	4,000	3,157
Fees, fines and penalties	2,300	6,786
Investment income	5,200	8,359
Miscellaneous	 5,000	9,723
Total revenues	 3,378,636	3,461,797
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
Culture and recreation	2,958,454	2,605,053
Debt Service		
Principal retirement	240,000	240,000
Interest and fiscal charges	 13,512	28,733
Total expenditures	 3,211,966	2,873,786
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER EXPENDITURES	 166,670	588,011
OFFICE FINANCING GOVERNER (MICES)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)	 (165,000)	(500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (165,000)	(500,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,670	88,011
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1		2,546,245
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31	:	\$ 2,634,256

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Last Five Audit Periods

MEASUREMENT DATE	1	April 30, 2019	De	cember 31, 2019*	De	cember 31, 2020	De	cember 31, 2021	De	ecember 31, 2022
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY										
Service cost	\$	7,662	\$	5,376	\$	4,821	\$	9,115	\$	9,003
Interest		3,320		2,400		2,883		2,503		2,378
Changes in proportions from prior to current		-		-		(2,117)		6,487		(3,884)
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		(1,913)		-		(23,898)
Changes in assumptions		1,212		7,525		4,944		(6,333)		(12,532)
Implicit benefit payments		(660)		(1,052)		(4,835)		(3,867)		(4,227)
Net change in total OPEB liability		11,534		14,249		3,783		7,905		(33,160)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		83,969		95,503		109,752		113,535		121,440
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY - ENDING	\$	95,503	\$	109,752	\$	113,535	\$	121,440	\$	88,280
Covered-employee payroll	\$	297,606	\$	665,876	\$	817,198	\$	1,024,331	\$	967,185
Employers total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		32.09%		16.48%		13.89%		11.86%		9.13%

^{*} The Library changed their fiscal year from April 30 to December 31 in 2019.

Note: No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

There was a change in assumptions related to medical costs and the discount rate in 2021.

There was a change in assumptions related to medical costs and the discount rate in 2020.

There was a change in assumptions related to the inflation rate, mortality rates, mortality improvement rates, retirement rates termination rates and disability rates in 2019.

For the December 31, 2021 OPEB liability, the change in assumption was the change in discount rate.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Eight Audit Periods

AUDIT PERIOD ENDED	April 30, 2016	April 30, 2017	April 30, 2018	April 30, 2019	De	cember 31, 2019*	De	cember 31, 2020	De	ecember 31, 2021	De	cember 31, 2022
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 128,649	\$ 131,956	\$ 127,668	\$ 119,829	\$	63,977	\$	124,876	\$	118,086	\$	89,177
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 128,649	131,956	127,668	119,829		63,977		124,876		118,086		89,177
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Covered payroll	\$ 1,033,231	\$ 1,033,231	\$ 1,034,695	\$ 1,087,956	\$	731,972	\$	1,072,670	\$	1,085,861	\$	1,121,957
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.45%	12.77%	12.34%	11.01%		8.74%		11.64%		10.87%		7.95%

^{*} The Library changed their fiscal year from April 30 to December 31 in 2019.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the prior calendar year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 21 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.25% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.35% to 14.25% compounded annually and inflation of 2.50%.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Eight Audit Periods

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Employer's proportion of net pension liability (asset)	19.38%	19.75%	19.28%	19.28%	18.69%	19.08%	19.08%	19.47%
Employer's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ 936,460	\$ 923,975	\$ (14,105)	\$ 1,123,283	\$ 277,305	\$ (492,073)	\$ (1,436,083)	\$ 709,354
Employer's covered payroll	1,016,996	1,024,598	1,034,695	1,087,956	731,972	1,072,670	1,085,861	1,121,957
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	92.08%	90.18%	(1.36%)	103.25%	37.88%	(45.87%)	(132.25%)	63.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	88.67%	89.15%	100.17%	86.94%	96.78%	105.53%	115.69%	92.61%

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2022

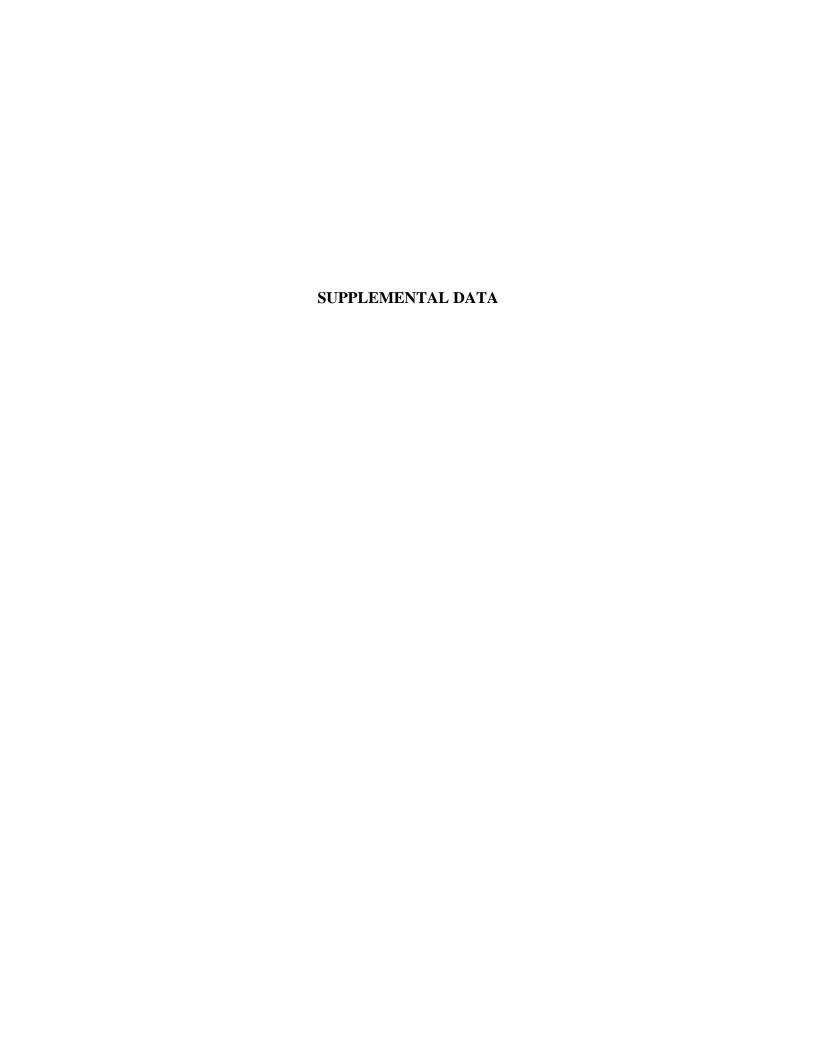
LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets

The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted at the fund level for the General Fund and Capital Reserve Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

The Library Board of Trustees has the authority to approve the budget for the General Fund and Capital Reserve Fund. State statutes and local ordinances require that the budget be approved before the beginning of the year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budget at the fund level. Budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Library Board of Trustees. During the most recent audit period, no budget amendments were made.



DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES		
Culture and recreation		
Personal services		
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,030,400	\$ 1,014,459
Temporary help	525,000	429,889
Social Security	97,213	87,345
IMRF	100,076	89,177
Medicare	22,553	20,427
Employee insurance	173,200	107,357
Total personal services	1,948,442	1,748,654
Contractual services		
Marketing	36,000	33,283
Library programs - youth	20,000	24,080
Library programs - adult	10,000	9,901
Custodial	38,000	38,693
Utilities	13,000	12,000
Maintenance contracts	11,000	11,182
Legal expenses	5,000	3,375
Planning services	60,000	59,150
Postage	2,500	2,465
Telephone	12,000	4,838
Accounting	40,000	36,036
Catalog services	40,012	40,643
Databases	60,000	52,773
Miscellaneous expenses	1,400	523
Miscellaneous contractual services	5,000	4,018
Total contractual services	353,912	332,960
Materials and supplies		
Youth materials	70,000	73,612
Adult materials	115,000	111,241
Periodicals	22,000	15,327
E-books	80,000	93,438
Materials management support	12,000	12,418
Hardware	40,000	52,337
Computer support and software	70,000	46,233
Janitorial maintenance supplies	10,000	9,321
Vending supplies and services	500	-
Office supplies	14,000	14,760
Copier supplies	25,000	5,079
Miscellaneous supplies	1,400	439
Board development	2,000	767
Total materials and supplies	461,900	434,972

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and	
	Final Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)		
Culture and recreation (Continued)		
Repairs and maintenance	ф. 40.000	Φ 25.245
Miscellaneous repairs and improvements	\$ 40,000	\$ 35,345
Total repairs and maintenance	40,000	35,345
Other expenditures		
Staff development	22,000	12,000
Staff recognition	3,000	2,333
Strategic Plan implemenation	70,000	12,375
Lost books	1,500	52
Helen O'Neill scholarship	500	-
Special events	5,000	4,136
Friends pledges	-	3,481
Donation expenditures	-	40
Foundation expenditures	5,000	485
Personnel	1,000	904
Total other expenditures	108,000	35,806
Risk management		
IRMA premiums	36,200	14,673
Self-insured deductible	10,000	2,643
Total risk management	46,200	17,316
Total culture and recreation	2,958,454	2,605,053
Debt service		
Bond principal	240,000	240,000
Interest	12,912	28,512
Fiscal charges	600	221
Total debt service	253,512	268,733
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 3,211,966	\$ 2,873,786

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	ginal and al Budget		Actual
REVENUES			
Investment income	\$ -	\$	(911)
Total revenues	-		(911)
EXPENDITURES			
Capital outlay	150,000		45,253
Total expenditures	150,000		45,253
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 (150,000)		(46,164)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	 170,000		500,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	170,000		500,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 20,000	Ì	453,836
FUND BALANCE, JANUARY 1			2,613,745
FUND BALANCE, DECEMBER 31		\$	3,067,581